

## CD NO

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1. The towns of Sovetsk and Kaliningrad, East Prussia, were formerly called Tilsit and Königsberg, respectively, by the Germans. No radar or radio antennas were seen by source in the vicinity of Sovetsk nor did he know of any radio factory there. The town of Sovetsk had installed outdoor loudspeakers on various street corners which were used for radio programs; there was no transmitting station in the town. Programs were transmitted from Kaliningrad on what seemed to be 15 kc. Programs other than Russian or music were jammed by music or speeches from Moscow; this was noticed particularly at 11 a.m. on German programs, 3 to 4 p.m. on British programs, and 8 to 9 p.m. on the Voice of America and other American programs. The interference was very loud and always on the same frequency as that of the broadcasting station. [redacted] radio was made by the Siemens, Talsie factory, but the radios he repaired were manufactured by the Schaub Company and the Sava Company. They operated on 110/220 volts, 50 cycles, and contained five and six tubes. They were radios that had been confiscated from the Germans and were being used by the Soviets. 25X
2. The transmitting station in Kaliningrad was installed in 1945 by the Soviets and was operated by them. It was housed in a building somewhere in Kaliningrad that had previously been occupied by a publishing company. A Soviet newspaper company was then in the building with the radio transmitting station.
3. The thermal electric power plant in Sovetsk was destroyed during the war, but has since been rebuilt by the Soviets, who installed overhead cables on poles, whereas under German ownership the power lines had been on the ground. 25X

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4. On the **Soviet** airfield at Kaliningrad were jet planes similar to the type used in 1944; these were not used, however, because the **Soviets** did not know how to operate them. A **Soviet** IL-2 type plane was seen in the air; it was a one-propeller plane resembling the German Stuka.
5. There were no telephones in the houses in Sovetsk, but there was one non-dial telephone in the NK camp.
6. A new cellulose factory had been constructed in Sovetsk.
7. Malaria had been spreading in the area of Sovetsk; almost every other person was a victim of this malady. The fever was called "Sumpf" or Swamp fever.

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